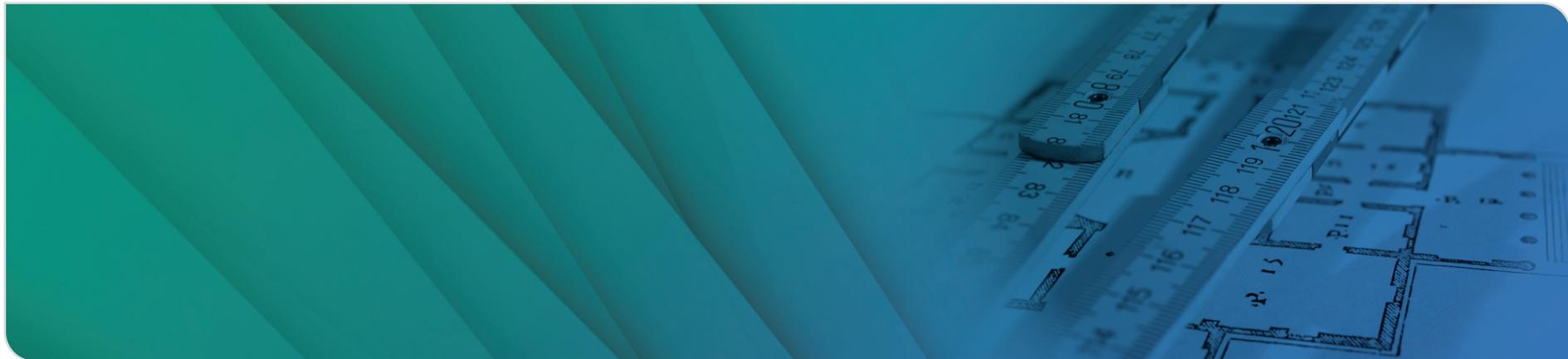


COCCON and EM27/SUN Telecon

25th of October 2022



Outline

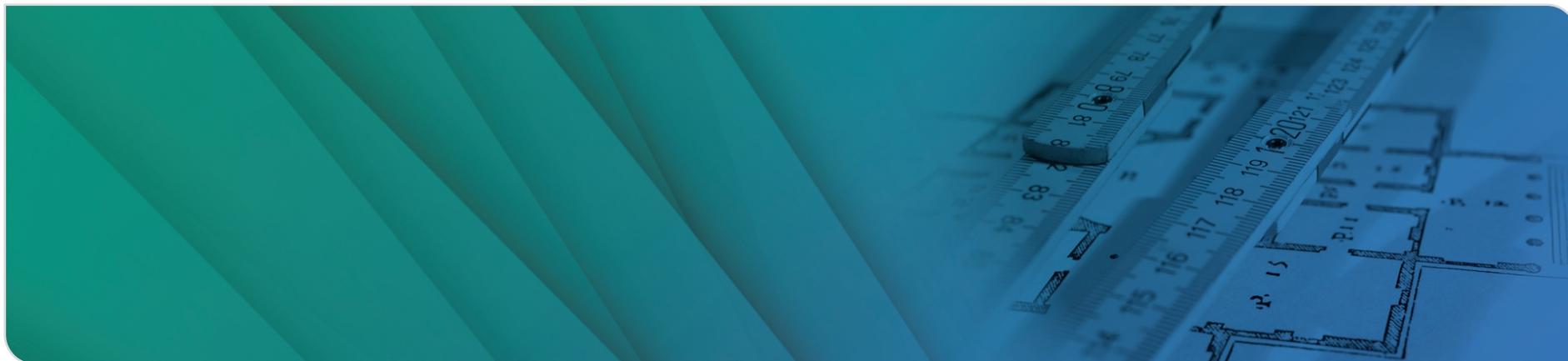
- **FAQ: PROFFAST2.0 and PROFFASTpylot**
Lena Feld, Benedikt Herkommer
- **Open discussion COCCON steering committee**
Frank Hase
- **“Using the EM27/SUN FTS for open path measurements of GHGs”**
Frank Hase

**Next telecon is planned, with reservations,
at 22nd of December 2022, 18:00 UTC.**

FAQ PROFFAST(pylot)

EM27/SUN Telecon, 25 October 2022

Lena Feld, Benedikt Herkommer, Darko Dubravica, Frank Hase



Outline

- Questions about PROFFAST 2.1
 - Internal correction factors
 - *.abscos.bin files
- Questions about PROFFASTpylot
 - How to install it using Anaconda?
 - Pressure handling
- Questions to you

Questions about PROFFAST 2.1

Correction factors

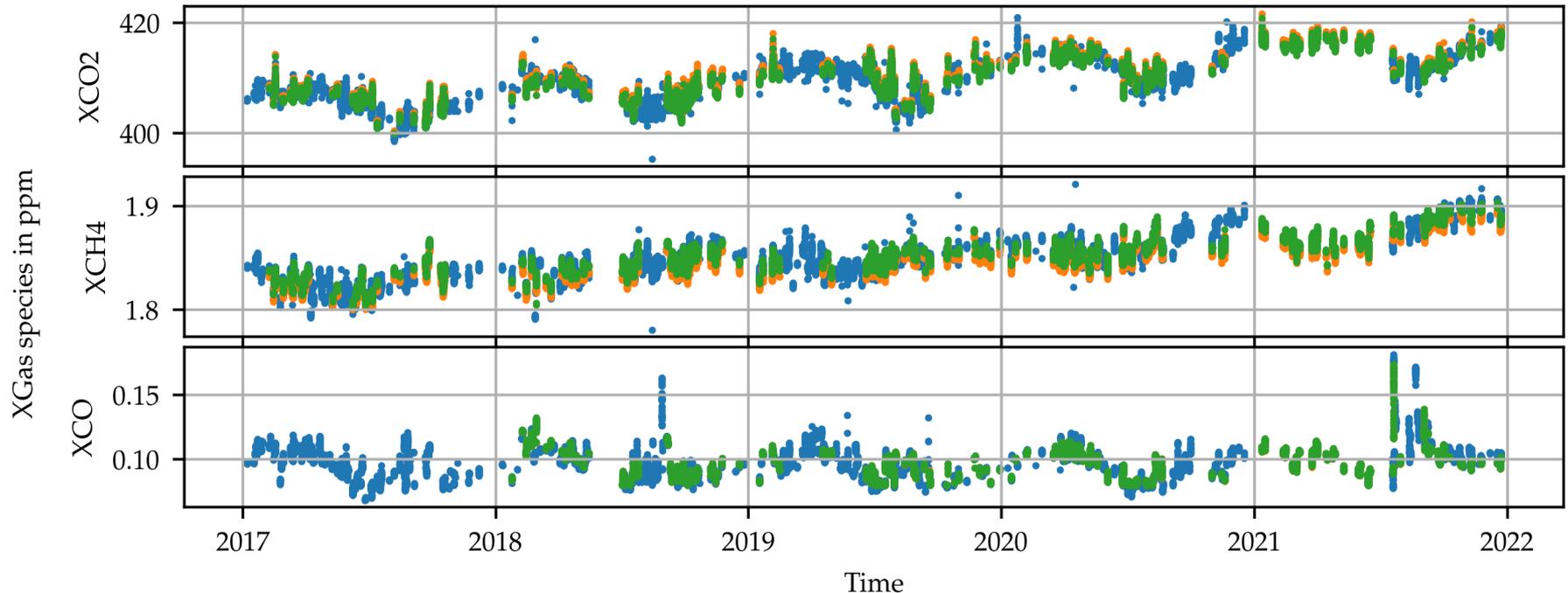
Is PROFFAST2 designed such to match with the GGG2020 results or still with the GGG2014 results?

- The internal correction factors (in `invers.inp`) are chosen for such for the COCCON reference (SN37) to match TCCON-KA GGG2020

Correction factors

Retrieved air mass independent correction factors:

$$XCO_2 = 0.9962; \quad XCH_4 = 0.9880; \quad XCO = 1.000$$



What kind of map-files are supposed to be used?

- GGG2020 map files!

Inside of the pcxs-code there is only one map file read in. But GGG2020 delivers 3-hourly map files. How is this working?

- PROFFASTpylot does an automatically interpolation to local noon.
This generated file is used by pxcs.

- **What is the use of the `*abscos.bin` files produced by `pcxs`?**
- **Can they be deleted safely after the run?**
- **When should they be kept?**

***abscos.bin files**

What is the use of the *abscos.bin files?

- Store the result of pcxs
 - Simulation of the atmosphere
- Only depend on time and coordinates, independent of instrument or pressure

Can the be deleted safely after the run?

- Yes!

*abscos.bin files

When is it worth keeping them?

- To save calculation time if you
 - want to reprocess the data of this day (e.g. with different pressure input)
 - if you are calculating side-by-side measurements

*abscos.bin files

Can the be deleted safely after the run?

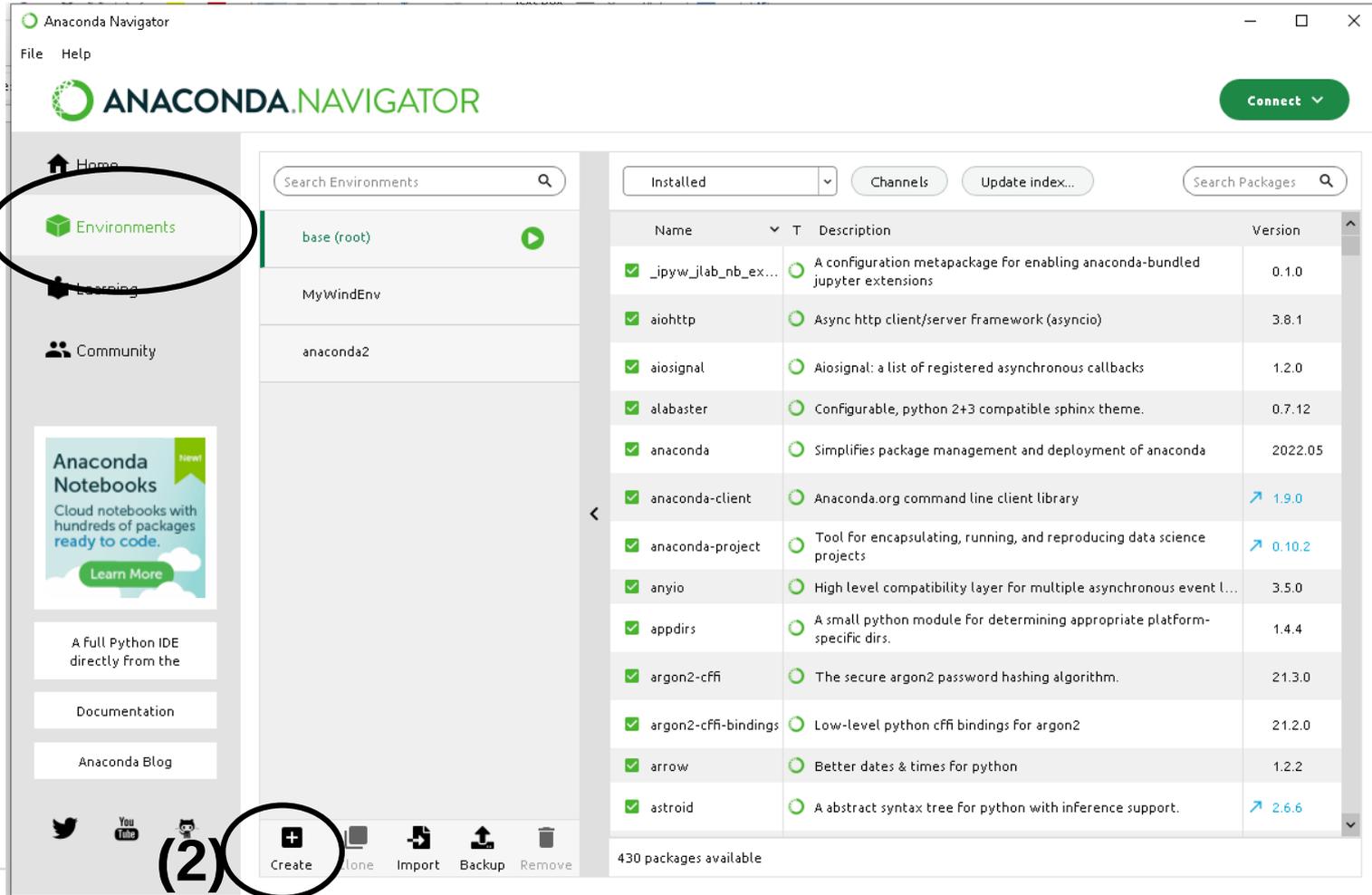
- Yes! More than 300 MB per day and site!
 - Delete at pilot run time:

```
# Delete the abscos.bin files? (True/False)      Default: False
# The abscos.bin file contains the simulation of the atmosphere which is
# the result of the 'pcxs' program part of PROFFAST.
# The pT_fast_out.dat and VMR_fast_out.dat files will be removed as well.
# The pT_fast_out.dat file contains the daily a priori height profile of
# pressure, temperature, ...
# The VMR_fast_out_dat. contains the a prior vertical mix ratios of the
# gases
delete_abscosbin_files: True
```

- Delete files manually: ... /proffastpilot/prf/wrk_fast/*abscos.bin

PROFFASTpylot

Use it in Spyder Installation using Anaconda



Anaconda Navigator

File Help

ANACONDA.NAVIGATOR

Connect

Home

Environments

Learning

Community

Anaconda Notebooks
Cloud notebooks with hundreds of packages ready to code.
Learn More

A full Python IDE directly from the

Documentation

Anaconda Blog

Twitter YouTube

Create Clone Import Backup Remove

Search Environments

base (root) MyWindEnv anaconda2

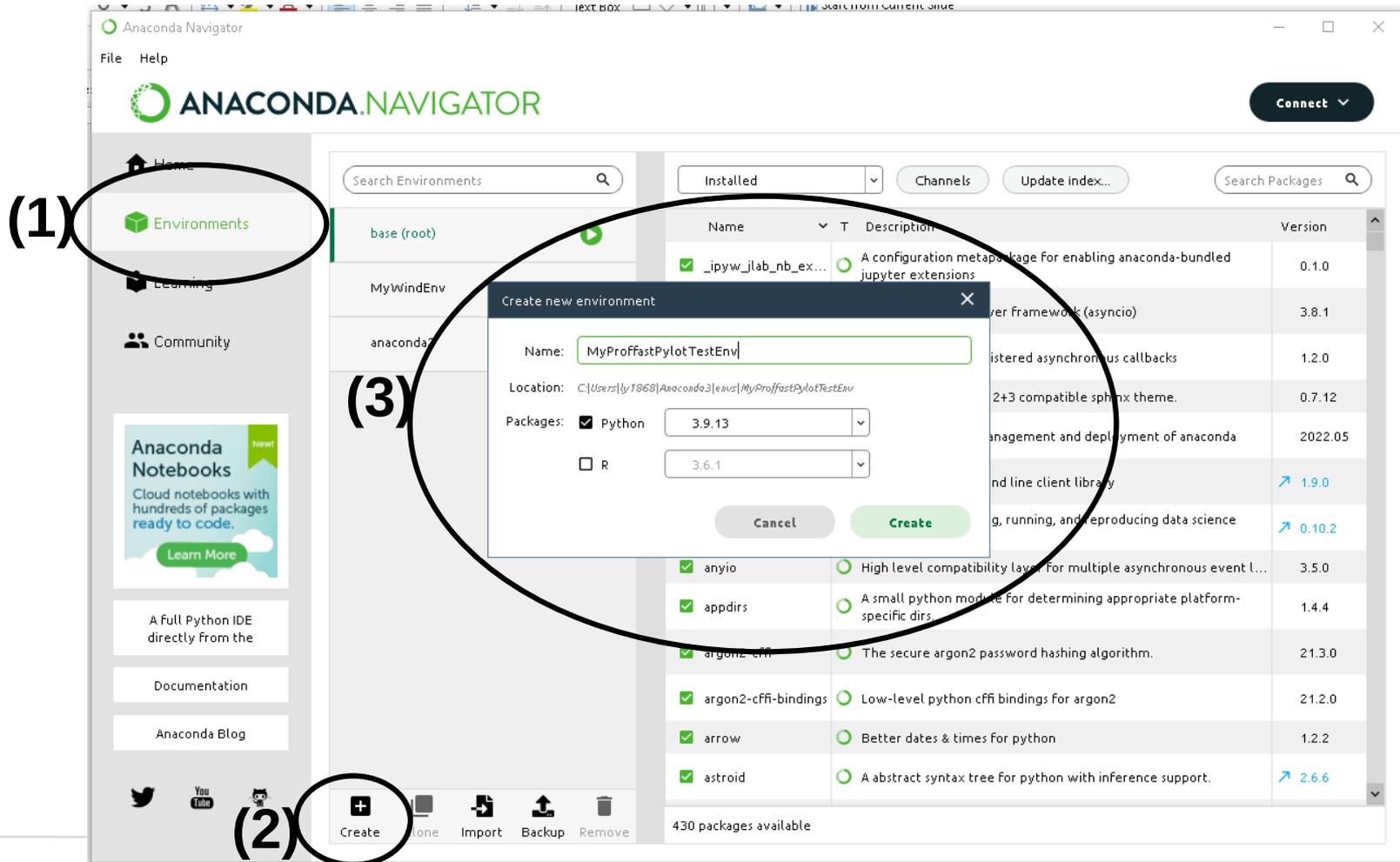
Installed Channels Update index... Search Packages

Name	T	Description	Version
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> _ipyw_jlab_nb_ex...		A configuration metapackage for enabling anaconda-bundled jupyter extensions	0.1.0
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> aiohttp		Async http client/server framework (asyncio)	3.8.1
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> aiosignal		Aiosignal: a list of registered asynchronous callbacks	1.2.0
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> alabaster		Configurable, python 2+3 compatible sphinx theme.	0.7.12
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> anaconda		Simplifies package management and deployment of anaconda	2022.05
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> anaconda-client		Anaconda.org command line client library	1.9.0
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> anaconda-project		Tool for encapsulating, running, and reproducing data science projects	0.10.2
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> anyio		High level compatibility layer for multiple asynchronous event l...	3.5.0
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> appdirs		A small python module for determining appropriate platform-specific dirs.	1.4.4
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> argon2-cffi		The secure argon2 password hashing algorithm.	21.3.0
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> argon2-cffi-bindings		Low-level python cffi bindings for argon2	21.2.0
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> arrow		Better dates & times for python	1.2.2
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> astroid		A abstract syntax tree for python with inference support.	2.6.6

430 packages available

(1)

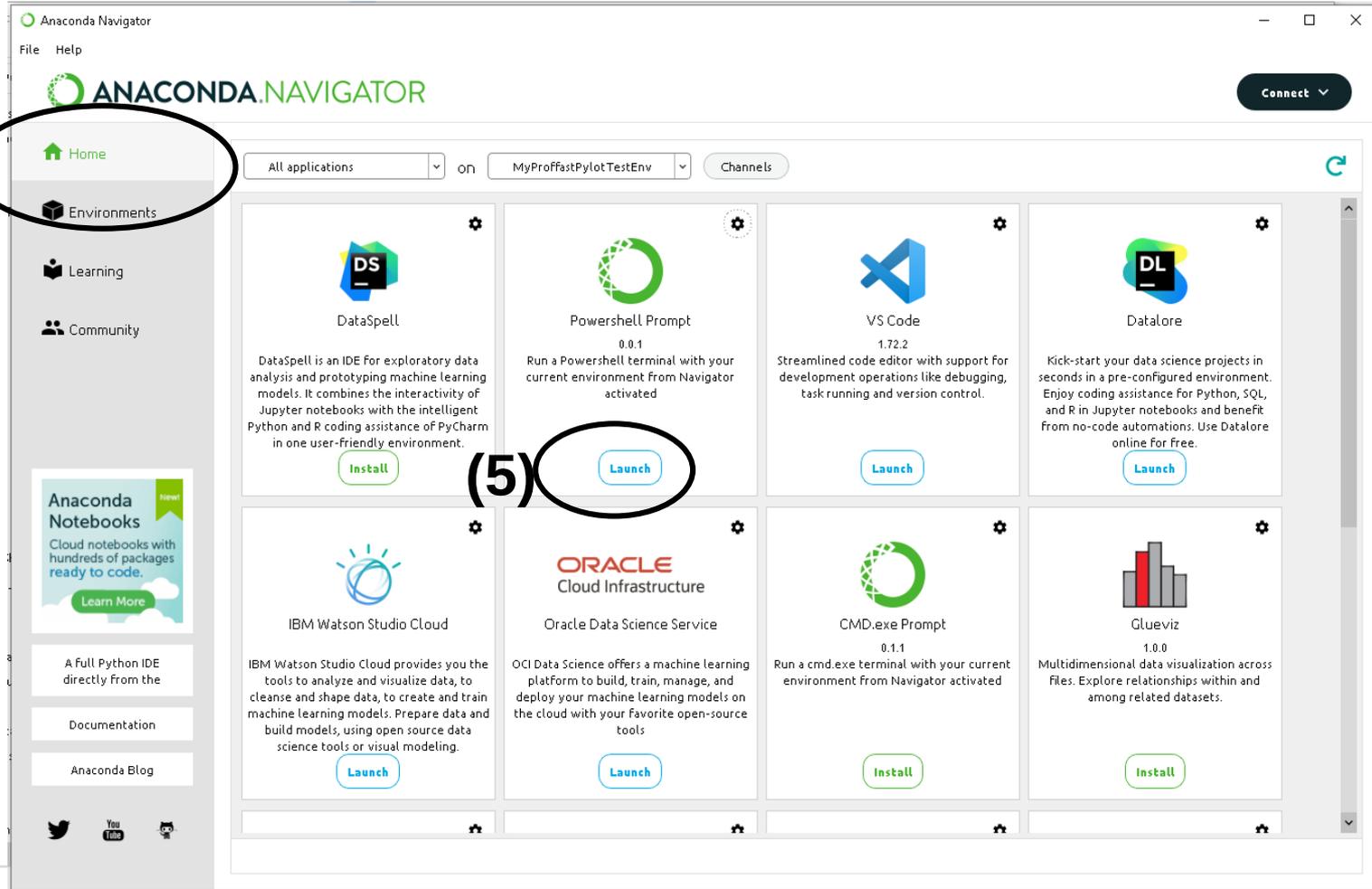
(2)



The screenshot shows the Anaconda Navigator application window. The interface includes a top menu bar with 'File' and 'Help', a main header with the 'ANACONDA.NAVIGATOR' logo and a 'Connect' button, and a left sidebar with navigation options: 'Home', 'Environments', 'Learning', and 'Community'. The 'Environments' option is circled with a black line and labeled with the number (1). The main area displays a table of installed environments and a list of available packages. A 'Create new environment' dialog box is open in the center, with its title and content circled by a large black oval labeled with the number (3). The dialog box contains the following fields and options:

- Name: MyProffastPyLotTestEnv
- Location: C:\Users\ly1868\Anaconda3\envs\MyProffastPyLoEtestEnv
- Package selection:
 - Python 3.9.13
 - R 3.6.1
- Buttons: Cancel and Create

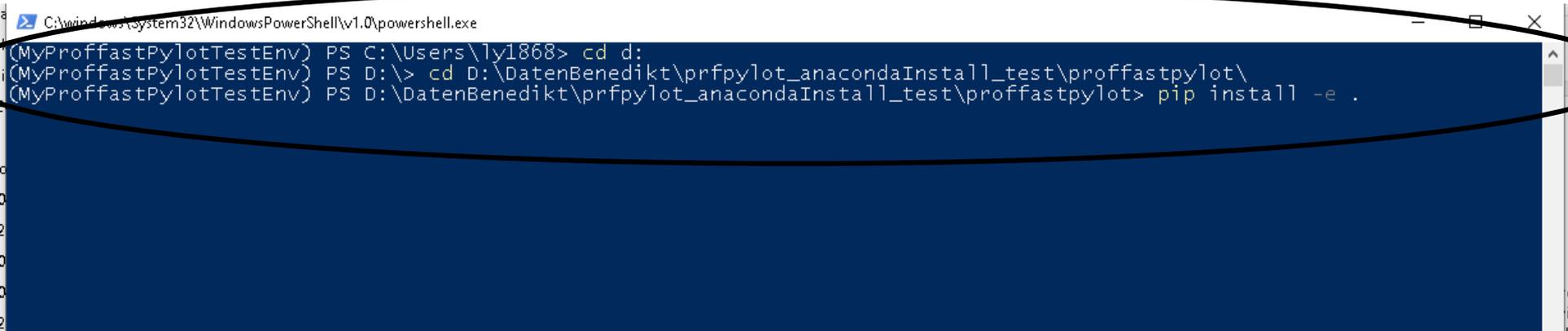
At the bottom of the sidebar, there is a row of icons for 'Create', 'Clone', 'Import', 'Backup', and 'Remove'. The 'Create' icon is circled with a black line and labeled with the number (2).



The screenshot shows the Anaconda Navigator application window. The title bar reads "Anaconda Navigator". The menu bar contains "File" and "Help". The main header displays the "ANACONDA.NAVIGATOR" logo. On the right side of the header, there is a "Connect" button with a dropdown arrow. Below the header, there is a navigation sidebar on the left with the following items: "Home" (circled in black with a "(4)" next to it), "Environments", "Learning", and "Community". The main content area shows a grid of application tiles. The top row includes DataSpell, Powershell Prompt (with a "Launch" button circled in black and a "(5)" next to it), VS Code, and Datalore. The bottom row includes IBM Watson Studio Cloud, Oracle Data Science Service, CMD.exe Prompt, and Glueviz. Each tile contains an icon, a title, a version number, a brief description, and an "Install" or "Launch" button. At the bottom of the sidebar, there is a promotional banner for "Anaconda Notebooks" and links for "Documentation" and "Anaconda Blog".

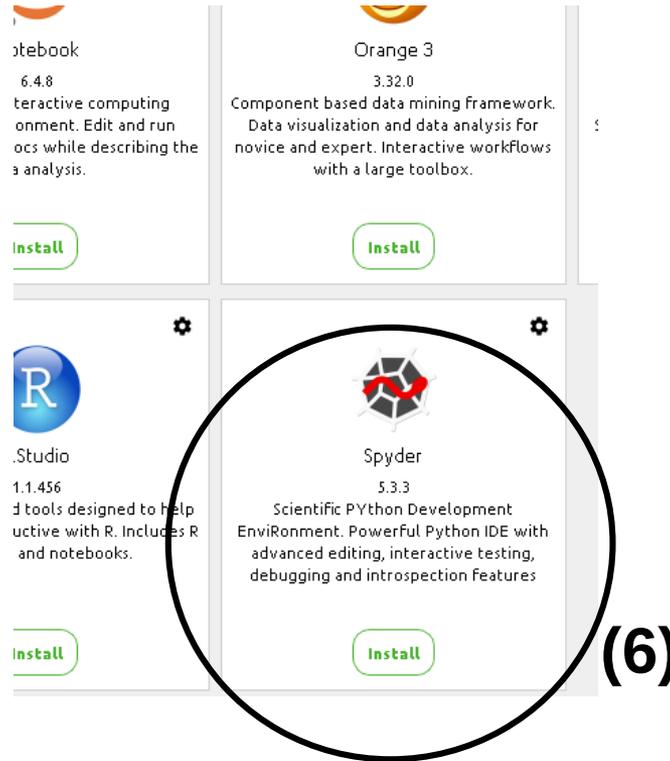
Use it in Spyder Installation using Anaconda

(6)



```
C:\windows\system32\WindowsPowerShell\v1.0\powershell.exe
(MyProffastPyIotTestEnv) PS C:\Users\ly1868> cd d:
(MyProffastPyIotTestEnv) PS D:\> cd D:\DatenBenedikt\prfpilot_anacondaInstall_test\proffastpylot\
(MyProffastPyIotTestEnv) PS D:\DatenBenedikt\prfpilot_anacondaInstall_test\proffastpylot> pip install -e .
```

Use it in Spyder Installation using Anaconda



The screenshot displays the Anaconda Navigator software catalog interface. It features a grid of software packages, each with a logo, name, version number, and a brief description. Below each package is a green 'Install' button. The 'Spyder' package is highlighted with a large black circle. To the right of the circle, the number '(6)' is displayed.

Package Name	Version	Description
JupyterLab	6.4.8	Interactive computing environment. Edit and run code while describing the analysis.
Orange 3	3.32.0	Component based data mining framework. Data visualization and data analysis for novice and expert. Interactive workflows with a large toolbox.
RStudio	1.1.456	Tools designed to help interactive with R. Includes R and notebooks.
Spyder	5.3.3	Scientific PYTHON Development EnviRonment. Powerful Python IDE with advanced editing, interactive testing, debugging and introspection features

Spyder (Python 3.9)

File Edit Search Source Run Debug Consoles Projects Tools View Help

C:\Users\ly1868

D:\DatenBenedikt\prfpilot_anacondaInstall_test\proffastpylot\example\run.py

```
run.py x
1 """Ready-to use example to demonstrate the usage of PROFFASTpylot.
2
3 To execute this file from ../proffastpylot/example as your working directory.
4
5 The Sodankyla example data set will be downloaded if not present.
6 All steps of the retrieval with PROFFAST will be executed
7 by Pylot.run() automatically.
8 """
9
10 from prfpilot.download_example import ExampleDownloadHandler
11 from prfpilot.pylot import Pylot
12
13
14 # This statement needs to be executed in all run scripts to prevent problems
15 # with the multiprocessing on windows
16 if __name__ == "__main__":
17
18     # Check if example input data is already available on disk,
19     # if not download it.
20     # This is not needed for your personal PROFFASTpylot run-file
21     ExampleDownloadHandler().check_and_download_example_data()
22
23     # The following part can be adapted to your own retrieval
24     input_file = "input_sodankyla_example.yml"
25     MyPylot = Pylot(input_file, logginglevel="info")
26     MyPylot.run(n_processes=2)
27
```

Source Console Object

Usage

Here you can get help of any object by pressing **Ctrl+I** in front of it, either on the Editor or the Console.

Help can also be shown automatically after writing a left parenthesis next to an object. You can activate this behavior in *Preferences > Help*.

New to Spyder? Read our [tutorial](#)

Help Variable Explorer Plots Files

Console 1/A x

```
----> 1 """Ready-to use example to demonstrate the usage of PROFFASTpylot.
2
3 To execute this file from ../proffastpylot/example as your working directory.
4
5 The Sodankyla example data set will be downloaded if not present.

IPdb [1]: runfile('D:/DatenBenedikt/prfpilot_anacondaInstall_test/proffastpylot/example/run.py', wdir='D:/DatenBenedikt/prfpilot_anacondaInstall_test/proffastpylot/example')
Example data where not found on disk.
Do you like to download them? This will download 104 MB of data to your disk.
Enter 'yes' to download the data or 'no' to abort:
yes
85367KB [00:01, 72106.05KB/s]
2022-10-24 10:34:10,128, INFO: ++++ welcome to PROFFASTpylot ++++
2022-10-24 10:34:10,135, INFO: Run information:
Retrieval for Instrument SNO39 at Sodankyla with time offset 0.0.
The following dates will be processed:
2017-06-08, 2017-06-09.

Download Completed
2022-10-24 10:34:11,678, INFO: Running preprocess with 2 task(s) ...
2022-10-24 10:34:16,520, INFO: Finished preprocessing.

2022-10-24 10:34:16,528, INFO: Running pcxs with 2 task(s) ...
```

Python Console History

conda: MyProffastPylotTestEnv (Python 3.9.13) Completions: conda LSP: Python master Line 1, Col 1 ASCII CRLF RW Mem 60%

Changes in pressure input

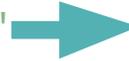
in PROFFASTpylot v1.1

- Interpolation of pressure
 - is taken over by PROFFASTpylot instead of PROFFAST
- Supporting different formats
 - instead fixed pT_intraday.inp format
- **Pressure type file** to adjust settings

Pressure type file

input.yml

```
...  
pressure_type_file'pressure_type.yml"  
...
```



pressure_type.yml

```
...
```

Format of the pressure type file

```
# the filename used to search for the pressure file looks like:  
# filename = basename + "%Y-%m-%d" + "*.dat"  
filename_parameters:  
  basename: ""  
  time_format: "%Y-%m-%d"  
  ending: "*.dat"
```

```
# the pressure file itself has the structure:  
# ""  
#   UTCdate_____  UTctime_____  BaroTHB40  VariousOtherColumns  
#   01.01.2020      HH:MM:SS       1004.23    VariousOtherData  
# ""
```

```
dataframe_parameters:  
  pressure_key: "BaroTHB40"  
  time_key: "UTctime_____"  
  time_fmt: "%H:%M:%S"  
  date_key: "UTCdate_____"  
  date_fmt: "%d.%m.%Y"  
  datetime_key: ""  
  datetime_fmt: ""  
  csv_kwargs:  
    sep: "\t"
```

Information about pressure recording

```
# UTC Offset of data:
# Have to be given even if data is processed in localtime!
utc_offset: 0.0

# pressure factor:
# The pressure column will be multiplied by this factor.
# Can be used e.g. for unit conversion or to correct for height differences.
# The pressure column is assumed to be in hPa.
pressure_factor: 1.0

# Frequency of pressure files. Options are:
# - subdaily: Several files per day
# - daily: One single file per day
# - weekly: One single file per Week
# - monthly: One single file per month
# - yearly: One single file per year
# - unregular: Unregular spaced files.
#           Please note: Algorithm is not very stable. It does not take into
#           account any datetime but only the basename and
#           ending.
frequency: "subdaily"
```

Usage recommendations

- Own pressure file for each setting
- Example of our campaign data:

Daten (D:) > thessaloniki_campaign > retrieval > proffast > log_type_pressure_files

Name	Änderungsdatum	Typ	Größe
 log_type_pressure_Diavata	19.10.2022 15:04	YML-Datei	2 KB
 log_type_pressure_Efkarpia	19.10.2022 15:05	YML-Datei	2 KB
 log_type_pressure_Galini	19.10.2022 15:05	YML-Datei	2 KB
 log_type_pressure_Meteorology	19.10.2022 15:05	YML-Datei	2 KB
 log_type_pressure_Seich-Sou	19.10.2022 15:05	YML-Datei	2 KB
 log_type_pressure_Thermi	19.10.2022 15:06	YML-Datei	2 KB

Questions to you

- To learn how to best distribute information
- For future development decisions about PROFFASTpylot
- Please answer in the chat for the n-th question as follows:

Qn: Answer a)

Q1: Who is using which version of PROFFAST(+pilot)?

- a) PROFFAST 1, without pilot
- b) PROFFAST2.0.1, pilot 1.0
- c) PROFFAST2.1, without pilot
- d) PROFFAST2.1 with pilot 1.1

Q2: Are you using or will you use git for getting updates?

a)Yes

b)No

Q3: Which operating system are you using?

- a) Windows
- b) Linux
- c) Something else?

Q4: Did you embed the retrieval into a larger system or do you intend to do it?

a)Yes

b)No

Q4: Did you encounter any other problems?